Ch 8: Commerce and Culture

\*Answers MUST be at least one full paragraph, questions asking you to compare must have at least 3 similarities and 3 differences. You must EXPLAIN every answer, no simple yes or no answers. EXPLAIN.... seriously explain your answers.

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|  Important People\**do these as ID Cards*Ibn BattutaMarco Polo | Big PictureGlobalization of the modern world has ties to earlier periods inworld history. While international trade occurred during theclassical era, trade expanded dramatically between 500 and1500 CE. The Silk Roads, Indian Ocean, and Trans-Saharantrade routes linked established civilizations to new regions ofthe world. As international trade routes developed, newcivilizations flourished in Africa and Southeast Asia. The traderoutes also had tremendous impact on the economies, societies,and cultures of the people involved in trade. |
| Historical TermsAmerican WebBlack DeathBorobudurBubonic plagueGhana, Mali, SonghayGreat ZimbabweIbn BattutaIndian Ocean TradeMalaysiansMonsoonsOasis cities of Central AsiaSailendrasSand RoadsSilk RoadsSrivijayaSudanSwahili CivilizationThird-wave civilizationsTrans-Saharan slave tradeVenice | Essential Understanding  1.What motivated and sustained the long-distance commerce of the Silk Roads, Sea Roads, and Sand Roads?2. Why did the Eastern Hemisphere develop long-distance trade more extensively than did the societies of the Western Hemisphere?3. In what ways did commercial exchange foster other changes?4. In what ways was Afro-Eurasia a single interacting zone, and in what respects was it a vast region of separate cultures and civilizations? 5. What lay behind the emergence of the Silk Road commerce and what kept it going for so many centuries? |
| Your Questions (questions you need/want answered from the reading): |